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Bubonic plague in Mauritius.

A telegram from the governor of Mauritius states that during the week ended February 18, 1904, there was one case of bubonic plague, fatal.

Leprosy to be discussed at the International Congress of Dermatology.

It is reported that the subject of leprosy will be fully discussed at the International Congress of Dermatology, to be held at Berlin, September 12 to 17, 1904.

JAPAN.

Report from Yokohama—Smallpox in Yokohama and on German steamship Batavia from Vladivostok—Plague in Formosa.

Assistant Surgeon Moore reports, February 19, as follows:

During the week ended February 13, 1904, seven steamships, having an aggregate personnel of 630 crew and 767 passengers, were inspected, 444 steerage passengers were bathed, and 593 pieces of baggage were disinfected.

The official report of infectious diseases in Yokohama for the week ended February 6, 1904, includes the following: Smallpox, 1 case, 0 death; enteric fever, 14 cases, 1 death; scarlet fever, 1 case, 0 death; diphtheria, 5 cases, 1 death. For week ended February 13, 1904: Enteric fever, 6 cases, 2 deaths.

It will be noted that 1 case of smallpox, not previously reported, occurred in this city during the week ended February 6.

Press reports state that three cases of smallpox were discovered among the Japanese passengers of the German steamer *Batavia*, which arrived at Matsu Island from Vladivostok on February 15. The patients were at once isolated, and the rest, after being disinfected, were allowed to land at Moji. Some time ago Vladivostok was reported to be infected with smallpox. Owing, however, to the existing state of war, commercial relations between that port and Japan have ceased.

Plague continues to be reported from Formosa.

Immigrants recommended for rejection.

Number of immigrants per steamship *Doric* recommended February 9 for rejection: For Honolulu, 13; for San Francisco, 2.

One immigrant per steamship *Indravelli* for Portland, Oreg., recommended February 13 for rejection.

Number of immigrants per steamship *Iyo Maru*, for Seattle, recommended February 10 for rejection, 6.

Number of immigrants per steamship *Hyades*, for Tacoma, recommended February 9 for rejection, 4.

PANAMA.

Report from Colon—Inspection of vessels.

Surgeon Perry reports, March 9, as follows:

Inspection of vessels for the week ended March 5, 1904.

U. S. collier *Crosar*, February 29, for Norfolk, Va., with 39 crew and 32 passengers; American steamship *City of Washington*, March 1,

for New York, with 64 crew and 40 passengers; Italian steamship *Centro America*, February 29, for Ponce, P. R., with 86 crew and 18 passengers; German steamship *Baker*, March 2, for New Orleans, with 41 crew and 15 passengers; British steamship *Senator*, March 4, for New Orleans, with 40 crew and 4 passengers; Norwegian steamship *Caprivi*, for United States port, on March 5, with 24 crew and no passengers.

All ships are inspected before a bill of health is granted.

Report from Panama—Inspection of vessels—No quarantinable diseases.

Assistant Surgeon Pierce reports, March 7, as follows:

During the week ended March 6, one vessel with the crew and passengers was inspected and cleared for San Francisco on March 2: Crew, 70; passengers, cabin 20, steerage 22; total on board, 112; all well.

There were 31 deaths from all causes, none from quarantinable diseases. This being the dry season water is very scarce and the streets are extremely dusty.

Mortality for February, 1904.

Assistant Surgeon Pierce reports, March 7, through Surgeon Perry, as follows:

Abscess.....	1	Gastro enteritis.....	1
Albuminuria.....	2	General debility.....	1
Accidental fall.....	1	Heart disease.....	2
Asphyxia.....	1	Killed by train.....	1
Beriberi.....	4	Liver disease.....	4
Burns.....	1	Nephritis.....	2
Bronchitis.....	2	Old age.....	3
Congestion.....	1	Phthisis.....	7
Cholera infantum.....	1	Pneumonia.....	6
Colic.....	3	Pernicious fever.....	2
Dropsy.....	1	Parturition.....	1
Dysentery.....	1	Stillborn.....	3
Diphtheria.....	1	Scrofula.....	1
Dropped dead.....	1	Spleen complications.....	1
Dementia.....	1	Tetanus.....	2
Epilepsia.....	1	Tuberculosis.....	14
Entero-colitis.....	1	Whooping cough.....	1
Fracture.....	1	Worms.....	2
Fevers.....	16		

Total deaths from all causes, 95. Estimated population, 18,000. Rate of 63.32 per 1,000 per annum.

PERU.

Report from Callao—Plague at San Pedro—No danger of spread.

Consul Gottschalk reports, February 20, as follows:

At the present writing I believe that the presence of bubonic plague in Peru is strictly limited to a few sporadic cases at an obscure inland village, where sanitary precautions are being taken by competent physicians, especially commissioned from Lima. San Pedro is a mere hamlet connected by about 10 miles of railway with the port of Pacasmayo and by an infrequently used cart road with Trujillo. Its